A SCHRÖDINGER-MAXWELL SYSTEM

LUCIO BOCCARDO

In this talk Ω is a bounded open set in \mathbb{R}^N , $N \geq 2$, M(x) is a symmetric measurable matrix such that, for $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}^+$,

$$\alpha |\xi|^2 \le M(x)\xi\xi, \quad |M(x)| \le \beta.$$

1. Paper dedicated to Benci-Fortunato on his "130th" Birthday

Let A, r > 0 and $f(x) \in L^m(\Omega)$, $m \ge \frac{2N}{N+2}$ ("variational framework"), existence and "unexpected" summability properties of the solutions of

$$\begin{cases}
0 \le u \in W_0^{1,2}(\Omega) : -\operatorname{div}(M(x)Du) + A\varphi u^r = f(x), \\
0 \le \varphi \in W_0^{1,2}(\Omega) : -\operatorname{div}(M(x)D\varphi) = u^{r+1},
\end{cases}$$

are studied in a recent paper. Moreover

$$\varphi u^r \in L^1(\Omega), \qquad u^{r+1} \in L^1(\Omega).$$

If A = r+1 and M is symmetric, a method for the proof of the existence is the study of the critical points of

$$\frac{1}{2} \int\limits_{\Omega} M D v D v - \frac{1}{2} \int\limits_{\Omega} M D \psi D \psi + \int\limits_{\Omega} v |\psi|^{r+1} - \int\limits_{\Omega} f \, v$$

thanks to a theorem by Benci-Rabinowitz (work in progress with D. Arcoya and T. Leonori).

2. Work in progress with L. Orsina

In a work in progress a "surprising" (existence of solutions in $W_0^{1,2}(\Omega)$ even outside of "variational framework") existence result is proved if $m = \frac{r+1}{r} < \frac{2N}{N+2}, \ r > \frac{N+2}{N-2}$.